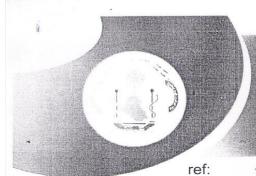
المحور الخامس

- براءات الاختراع
 - البحوث العلمية

• رفع براءات اختراع الى جهاز التقييس والسيطرة النوعية عن اكتشاف الأوساط الناقلة عدد لغرض بيان فعاليتها واعتمادها من وزارة الصحة.



UNIVERSITY OF BASE COLLEGE OF MEDICA

Date:

Harr: 101/101/ التاريخ: ١٥١١٠٠)

الجهاز المركزي للتقييس والسيطرة النوعية / قسم الملكية الصناعية شعبة براءات الاختراع والنماذج الصناعية

م/ عدم ممانعة

تحية طيبة ٠٠

نؤيد لكم بان الذوات المدرجة اسماؤهم ادناه من اعضاء الهيئة التدريسية بفرع الاحياء المجهرية بكليتنا ولازالوا مستمرين بالخدمة ولامانع لدينا من تقديم و تسجيل براءة الاختراع لمشروعهم البحثي الموسوم .

(تطويروتصميم وسط ناقل جديد INDWN-2020-VTM لنقل وحفظ عينات فايروس كورونا المستجد 19-covid) .

مع التقدير ٠٠٠

١- ١٠١ احسان عيدان عبدالكريم السيمري

٢- ١٠م٠١ نظام محمد احمد جمال الدين

۳- ۱۰م ۱۰ وجدان نزار ابراهیم

٤- م ١٠ دانية مضر شاكر

٥- ١٠١ نائل حسين على السماك

الاستاذ الدكتور خليل اسماعيل الحمدي

عميد كلية الطب c.c./c/cn

نسخه منه الي /

مكتب السيد معاون العميد الشؤون العلمية

رئاسة فرع الاحياء المجهرية/ هامشكم على اصل الطلب بتاريخ٢١/٤/٢٦ مع التقدير شعبة ضمان الجودة في الكلية

الملفات الشخصية مع الاوليات

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العراق-البصرة البراضعية-ص.ب.939 هاتف 9647800152588



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العدد: ١/٥ مم/ ١٥٥٥ تاريخ: ٤ / ١٥ مر ١٥٥٠ الى ١ الى ١

الجهاز المركزي للتقييس والسيطرة النوعية / قسم الملكية الصناعية شعبة

براءات الاختراع والنماذج الصناعية

م/ عدم ممانعة

تحية طيبة ٠٠٠

نؤيد لكم بان الاستاذ الدكتور احسان عيدان عبدالكريم السيمري/تدريسي بفرع الاحياء المجهرية وطالبة الدراسات العليا /ماجستير (بان عبدالامير عبدالحسين الخفاجي) بكليتنا ولازالوا مستمرين بالخدمة ولامانع لدينا من تقديم و تسجيل براءة الاختراع لمشروعهم البحثي الموسوم ،

(التوصيف الجزيئي لجينات المكورات العنقودية الذهبية المقاومة للمتيسيلين والمسؤولة عن العدوى المكتسبة في المستشقيات) .

مع التقدير . .

Jul (DD)

الاستاذ الدكتور خليل اسماعيل الحمدي

عميد كلية الطب

c.c.1011

نسخه منه الي 1

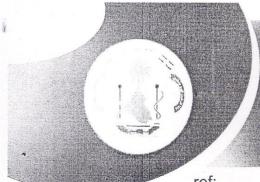
مكتب السيد معاون العميد الشوون العلمية

رناسةً فرع الاحياء المجهرية مامشكم على اصل الطلب بتاريخ ٢٠٢٠/٥/٧ مع التقدير "شعبة ضمان الجودة في الكلبة

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الصادره

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اریخ: ۱۱۲۸ ریخ:

الجهاز المركزي للتقييس والسيطرة النوعية / قسم الملكية الصناعية شعبة

براءات الاختراع والنماذج الصناعية

م/ عدم ممانعة

تحية طبية ٠٠٠

نؤيد لكم بان الذوات المدرجة اسماؤهم ادناه من اعضاء الهيئة التدريسية بفرع الاحياء المجهرية بكليتنا ولازالوا مستمرين بالخدمة ولامانع لدينا من تقديم و تسجيل براءة الاختراع لمشروعهم البحثي الموسوم (تحضير وسط ناقل عراقي وعالمي جديد IQBASMED VTM نفايروس كورونا 19-covid) • مع التقدير • •

١- ١٠١ احسان عيدان عبدالكريم السيمري

٢- ١٠م ٠ نظام محمد احمد جمال الدين

۳- ۱۰م ۱۰ وجدان نزار ابراهیم

٤- م٠د دانية مضر شاكر

٥- ١٠١ نائل حسين على السماك

الاستاذ الدكتور خليل اسماعيل الحمدي

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عميد كلية الطب

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نسخه منه الي /

مكتب السيد معاون العميد الشوون العلمية

رناسة فرع الاحياء المجهرية/ هامشكم على اصل الطلب بتاريخ٢٦/٤/٢٦ مع التقدير

شعبة ضمان الجودة في الكلية

الملفات الشخصية مع الاوليات

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<u>البحوث العلمية</u>

تم نشر بحوث علمية حول جائحة كورونا وبلغ عددها (48) ثمانية واربعون بحث وبالتعاقد مع دائرة صحة الب

Original Article

Iraqi National Journal of Medicine. july 2020, Vol. 2, COVID-19 special Issue

The novel use of convalescent plasma in patients with COVID-19 in Basra governorate: Case series review

Saad Shaheen Hammadi ¹, Ali Raheem Hashim ¹, Abbas khalaf Ali ², Rafid A.Abbood ¹, Hassanein Mohammed Ali ², Ali Salam Abdullah ², Ali Radhi Kadhim ³, Amjed Maya Rodeen ³, Hiba Jabar Ashoor ³, Shawqi Abdulsada Aziz ⁴, Basim Abdulkareem Abdulhassan ⁵, Mustafa Mawih ⁶

University of Basra. Basra Health Director. Al-Sadr Teaching Hospital in Basra. Al-Basra Teaching Hospital. Iraqi association for medical research and studies. Kidney and Hypertension Centre, Cincinnati, Ohio

ABSTRACT

Background: The idea of convalescent plasma usage is to give passive immunity to the patients, so their immune system stands a good chance of combating the virus this study will review 6 cases of eligible covid 19 patients that had been treated with convalescent plasma therapy in Basra covid 19 quarantine

Objectives: to demonstrate efficacy and safety of convalescent plasma in the patient series that had been enrolled.

Method: this study had pioneered a new method to collect up to 3,000 mL in one session by an off-label use of Spectra Optia Apheresis systems by TerumoBCT /Exchange set to collect convalescent plasma. In this study 250 mL convalescent plasma had been given each of the 6 patients, from one donor, respose in spo2,dyspnoea and tachypnoea was observed ,any reaction to plasma also had been monitored.

Result: Our case series have demonstrated both safety and effectiveness of convalescent plasma. This study was successful in reaching our primary and secondary outcomes in all 6 patients (improvement in SpO2 and symptoms). With negligible difference in time of post transfusion response

Conclusion: convalescent plasma is apperantly safe and effective, In this study 250 mL convalescent plasma had been given each of the 6 patients, from one donor using Therapeutic Plasma Exchange (TPE) protocol by Spectra Optia Apheresis system/TerumoBCT.

Keywords: convalescent plasma, COVID-19, SARS CoV-2, apheresis, plasma exchange, plasma donation

Corresponding author: Ali Salam Abdullah Email:- Ali.salam.abdullah@gmail.com

Disclaimer: The authors has no conflict of interest

Section Consu

Epidemiological Features of COVID-19 Epidemic in Basrah-Southern Iraq-First Report

Omran S Habib : Abbas K AlKanan : Alaa H Abed : Nihad O Mohammed

The Medical Journal of Basrah University, 2020, Volume 38, Issue 1, Pages 7-18 \$\tilde{\text{0.33762/mjbu.2020.126943.1008}}\$

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Abstract

Epidemiological Features of COVID-19 Epidemic in Basrah-Southern Iraq-First Report

Background: COVID- 19 expanded from an outbreak in China to a devastating pandemic across the world. .

Objective: To describe the epidemiology of COVID-19 in Basrah Province-Southern Iraq

Methods: Data were obtained from the Department of Public Health in Basrah and the daily communique of the Ministry of Health. Data on population were obtained from the Ministry of Planning. For all provinces the total number of cases and their fate in terms of being under treatment, cured or died was obtained. For cases in Basrah, data on age, sex, residence, fate, travel history and presence of co-morbidity for 152 cases.

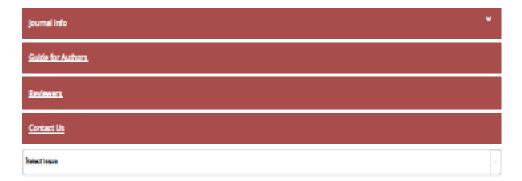
Results: In Basrah, The mean age was 46 years (Median 45 years) and the range was 13-98 years. No difference in the risk of COVID-19 was related to sex. Geographical variation was inconclusive The time trend of the epidemic is modest in both new daily cases and in cumulative numbers. At one point in time (April 10) the incidence rate was 56.28 per million, which was at intermediate level among other provinces.

The total cases used for Iraq was 1279. The highest numbers were reported in Baghdad, Najaf, Erbil, Basrah and Sulaymaniyah. The lowest incidence rate was in Salah Al-Din (0.61 per million) and the highest was in Najaf (170.16 per million). The case fatality ratio for closed cases and for all cases was variable among provinces.

Conclusion: COVID-19 in Basrah and Iraq is modest until today the 10th of April 2020.

Keywords: COVID19: Epidemiology: Basrah

Main Subjects: Epidemiology



The dynamics of COVID-19 epidemic in Basrah province-Second report

Omran Habib: Haider lassim: Wael Jasimy Al-Shihaby: Mustafa AR Mohamed

The Medical Journal of Basrah University, 2020, Volume 38, Issue 1, Pages 19-28 010.33762/mibu.2020.127210.1019

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Abstract

Abstract

Background: COVID-19 pandemic still expanding across the world and continuing at modest pattern in Basrah.

Objective: To further elaborate on COVID-19 epidemic in Basrah province and document the changing dynamic of the disease.

Methods: two sources were used for obtaining data in this study. The first is an excel sheet containing information on 736 cases covering age, gender, residence, travel history, comorbidity and fate, which is obtained from The Department of Public Health in Basrah. The second is the daily numbers of new cases (also 736) obtained from the daily communique of the Ministry of Health. Statistical Package for Social Sciences (SPSS-version 20) and Excel programmes were used for statistical analysis.

Results: The mean age was 35.5±18.9 (for males=35.6+19.0 and for females=35.5±18.8), the median was 34 years (males =34 and females =33). The incidence rate was higher in older age groups, females and three districts (Basrah



Research Article

Adherence of Obstetrician to the Guideline Regarding the Timing of Elective Caesarean Sections and its Effect on the Neonatal Outcome

Maysara Mohammed Al-Badran18, Maha Saleh Falgoos2

¹Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, College of medicine, University of Basra, Basra, Iraq
²Al Mawani hospital, Basra city, Iraq



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Citation: Maysara Mohammed Al-Badran, Maha Saleh Falgoos. Adherence of Obstetrician to the Guideline Regarding the Timing of Elective Caesarean Sections and its Effect on the Neonatal Outcome. Obstetrics and Gynecology Research 2 (2019): 050-058.

Abstract

Objectives:

- Study the adherence of obstetrician to the guideline regarding the timing of elective caesarean sections.
- Study the effect of timing of the procedure on the neonatal outcome.

Methods: In this cross-sectional observational study, involved 210 pregnant women who underwent elective caesarean section that subdivided into two groups according to gestational age at the time of caesarean section:

- Group A: < 39 weeks.
- Group B: ≥ 39 weeks.

All neonates were examined by Pediatrician; neonates who required admission to the NCU were followed up until discharge.

Results: 66.7% of elective caesarean section were performed <39week gestation and remaining (33.3%) were performed at >39 weeks gestation. The commonest indication of caesarean section in all gestational age was previous scar (s) followed by malpresentation. There was statistically higher admission to NCU among neonates who were delivered before 39 weeks gestation. There were 5 cases of neonatal death among neonates who were delivered before 39 weeks. No case of neonatal death occurs among those who were delivered at or after 39 weeks gestation.

The effect of correction of serum level of vitamin D on hyperandrogenism in women with polycystic ovary syndrome and hypovitaminosis D

A. M. Maysara¹, A. T. Nassar², H. K. Jubran³

¹Department of Obstetrics & Gynecology, College of Medicine- University of Basra
²Al Faiha Specialized Diabetes, Endocrine and Metabolic Centre
³Department of Clinical Pharmacy, College of Pharmacy, University of Basra (Iraq)

Summary

Background: Polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) is a common condition among female of reproductive age. Vitamin D may involve in the pathogenesis of PCOS. Vitamin D deficiency may exacerbate the symptom of PCOS through precipitating insulin resistance, menstrual irregularities, subfertility, hyperandrogenism, and cardiovascular dysfunction. Aim: The aim of the study is to determine whether normalization of vitamin D level in women with PCOS and hyperandrogenism (clinical and/or biochemical) would result in improvement in the parameters of hyperandrogenism. Materials and Methods: One hundred one women with PCOS and vitamin D deficiency were involved in the study, BMI, and Gallwey-Ferriman score were estimated, 25 (OH)vitamin D, total testosterone, sex hormone binding globulin (SHBG), follicular stimulating hormone (FSH), and luteinizing hormone (LH) were measured and pelvic ultrasound was performed. Forty-nine of these women received weight reduction and lifestyle modification advice and metformin only, while the remaining 52 women received vitamin D in addition, after six months all parameters were re-examined. Results: Adding vitamin D did not result in significant reduction in the Ferriman-Gallwey score or in total testosterone level, also normalization of vitamin D had insignificant effect on the level of sex hormone binding globulin and ovarian polycystic morphology, however it was associated with significant reduction in LH level. Conclusion: Despite the fact that correction of vitamin D deficiency is important for general health, however it is of limited beneficial effect on the biochemical and clinical parameters of hyperandrogenism in women with PCOS.

Key words: Vitamin D; Hyperandrogenism; Polycystic ovary syndrome.

Introduction

Polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) is a common condition among female of reproductive age with prevalence of 6-15% depending on the criteria used [1]. It is characterized by menstrual irregularities due to anovulation, acne and hirsutism due to hyperandrogenism, subfertility, obesity and polycystic ovaries on ultrasound [2, 3]. Women with PCOS have increased risk of diabetes mellitus, hypertension, dyslipidemia, cardiovascular disease, and endometrial carcinoma [4, 5]. Insulin resistance plays an essential role in the pathogenesis of PCOS [6].

Hirsutism is found in 70-80% of women with PCOS, v&fsus 4-1 in women in the general population. Hirsutism in PCOS is due to both excess of androgen of ovarian origin and to increased sensitivity of the pilosebaceous unit to androgens [7]. Additional risks associated with increased plasma androgen besides hirsutism are coronary artery diseases, alopecia, infertility, acne, and central obesity [8].

Vitamin D deficiency may precipitate insulin resistance, menstrual irregularities, subfertility, hyperandrogenism, and cardiovascular dysfunction, therefore vitamin D deficiency may exacerbate the symptom of PCOS [9, 10]. Vitamin D expresses its action through both genetic and cellular pathways [11, 12]. Vitamin D receptor (VDR) is fund in several tissues within the female reproductive system. VDR mRNA is expressed in ovarian, decidual, placental, and endometrial cells [13]. Vitamin D may take part in the pathogenesis of PCOS through its receptors' mediated effect on insulin resistance, LH, and sex hormone binding globulin (SHBG), and androgen lev- els [14, 15]. Also vitamin D may affect aromatase gene ex- pression and thus follicular estrogen level [16].

The aim of the study is to determine whether normalization of vitamin D level in women with PCOS and hyperandrogenism (clinical and/or biochemical) would result in improvement in the parameters of hyperandrogenism.

Materials and Methods

This was a prospective randomized controlled study carried out at the Endocrine Centre of Al Faiha Hospital/Basra-Iraq throughout a period of 14 months from June 2017 to August 2018. The

Revised manuscript accepted for publication July 15, 2019

Clin. Exp. Obstet. Gynecol.- issn: 0390-6663 XLVII, n. 2, 2020 doi: 10.31083/j.ceog.2020.02.5248 ©2020 Maysara et al. Published by IMR Press This is an open access article under the CC BY-NC 4.0 license (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/4.0/).

Filo maternal outcome of precelampsia in multigravida compared to primigravida women

gehal A. Alrubace¹ & Lekaa Kadim²

ABSTRACI

ABSTRACI

Mickground: pregnancy induced hypertension including pre-eclampsia are global public health concern developed & developing countries. They have significant preparate pre-eclampsia are global public health concern developed & developing countries. They have significant prenatal, neonatal & maternal with a mortality. morbidity & mortality.

morbidity & find aim of this prospective comparative study is to identify & compare the maternal & objectives: The aim of pre-eclampsia in between multigravida & primigravida Objectives: 1...

Objectives:

neonatal outcomes. This study had been done over period of one year (1st Sep.2017-31st Aug. 2018) in Basrah outlents: This study had been done over period of one year (1st Sep.2017-31st Aug. 2018) in Basrah potients: 1113 Schild Hospital in which (110) mul gravida with pre-eclampsia were compared to (108) Maternity & With pre-eclampsia. Both groups were admitted to laborated to Maternity & with pre-eclampsia. Both groups were admitted to labor room during same period of primigravida with spontaneous labor or for induction of labor. grimigravida with pro-colors were a

study with appears (58%) as well as higher body mass index with gesults: Marie (58%) as well as higher body mass index with morbidly obese (75%). They also than thirty years severe form of pre-eclampsia (75%) as well than third more severe form of pre-eclampsia (75%) as well as recurrent pre-eclampsia (45%), with exhibited more severe form of pre-eclampsia (64%) & chronic buses. exhibited as recurrent pre-eclampsia (45%), with positive family history of pre-eclampsia (64%) & chronic hypertension (27%). Obstetrical complica ons positive is a partial term of ante-partum hemorrhage (29%), post-partum hemorrhage (43%) & preterm delivery (50%) in term of low were evident more in multgravida with pre-eclampsia as well as poor neonatal outcome in term of low birth weight, & low Apgar score.

birth weight.

Conclusion: Multigravida with pre-eclampsia had significantly higher rates of severe type with adverse maternal & neonatal outcome in comparison to primigravida with pre-eclampsia.

Materials: Feto-maternal outcome of preeclampsia in multigravida compared to primigravida women

رتفاع ضغط الدم الأرتعاجي ومقارنة نتائج الحمل للولادات المتعددة مع ذوي الولادات الاولية.

لمقدمة: يعد ارتفاع ضغط الدم الارتعاجي من المشاكل الصحية المنتشرة في كل من الدول المتقدمة والنامية. اذ تسبب مضاعفات اثناء الحمل

هداف: الهدف من هذه الدراسة هو المقارنة للمضاعفات التي تصيب كل من الام والجنين نتيجة لارتفاع ضغط الدم الارتعاجي بين الحوامل

فة العمل: لقد اجريت الدراسة في مستشفى البصرة للنسائية والطفل في الفترة الزمنية من (أيلول/ ٢٠١٧) حتى نهاية (آب/٢٠١٨). ولقد ت هذه الدراسة ١١٠ حامل ذات ولادات متكررة و ١٠٨ اولية الحمل ادخلوا الى صالة الولادة في نفس الفترة الزمنية مصابات بارتفاع

ن ولقد تبين ان تقدم العمر ٥٨٨% والسمنة ٥.٣٨% وارتفاع ضغط الدم الارتعاجي من النوع الشديد ٢٥.٤ %كان من سمات الحوامل الولادات المتكررة وكذلك وجود التاريخ العائلي لارتفاع ضغط الدم الارتعاجي ٦٣.٦% وارتفاع ضغط الدم المزمن ٢٧% كعوامل مساعدة نهم بنسبة اكبر. كانت المضاعفات التي تصيب الام مثل نزف ما قبل الولادة (انفصال المشيمة) ٢٩%، نزف ما بعد الولادة ٢٠٧% ضغط الدم الارتعاجي ٤٤٥، والمضاعفات التي تصبب الجنين مثل ضعف نمو الجنين داخل الرحم وولادة الاجنة بأوزان قلبة % مما استدعى ادخالهم بنسبة اكثر الى وحدة المخدج ٩٠٠٩ كان كبيرا بين المحوامل ذوي الولادات المتكررة. اما الحوامل ذوي الاولية كانت نسبة الصرع الارتجاجي ٢٤% مع الولادات القيصرية ٤٤% اكثر مقارنة بالحوامل ذوي الولادات المتكررة، نيين أن الحوامل ذوي الولادات المتكررة هم أكثر عرضة لمخاطر ارتفاع مزخط المدرود من من المدرود الدروية المستكررة الم



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مامعة البصرة كلية الطب

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الى دائرة صحة البصرة المكتب السيد مدير عام دائرة الصحة الجنة البحوث المركزية

مامشاريع بحثية

تمية طبية ...

تُرفَق لكم قائمة معرَّرَة بمشاريع وخطط بحثية لباحثين من كليتنا والتي تم ادراجها في الخطَّة الطمية والأرار ها من قبل مجلس الكلية الموقر ولجنة السلوك المهنى والتي تتضمن مشاريع يحوث للحد من تقشى وياء كورونا ومشاريع بحثية علمية الخرى.

ترجو تفضلكم بالموافقة على اجرانها وتسهيل مهمة البلطين واعتبار هذه البحوث بحوثا تطبيقية وامكائية وضع الحاول للمشاكل الصحية وتطوير الخبرات التشخيصية والعلاجية للمساعدة في الارتقاء مِثُواقِم الصحى تَحْدَمةُ مرضاتًا وتزويدنا بما يثبت دَلك.

التقضل بالاطلاع إمع التقديري

والاستاذ الدكتور خليل اسماعيل الحمدي

OF LET SINIT

عميد كلية الطب

مكتب السيد العميد للتلحضل بالإطلاع مع التقدير

المنودين معاوني العميد للتقضل بالاطلاع مع التقدير

شعبة ضمان الجودة

وحدة العلاقات والاعلام

التطيم الطبئ المستمر

و المختصة

عقر ۱۰۲۰/۱/۱/۱۱ عقر

العراق-اليصرة البر اضعة من ب. 939 9647800152588-i/a

medical.college@uobasrah.edu.iq unbascol@yahoo.com Iraq\Basrah\Al Bradheia P.O.Box 939

مشاريع البحوث العلمية في كلية الطب – جامعة البصرة والتي تم تقديمها الى دائرة صحة البصرة – مركز البحوث لاثباتها كبحوث تطبيقية



وتتضمن الاتى:

العدد الكلي للبحوث المقدمة = 33 بحوث حول كورونا = 31 ، بحوث اخرى = 31

Research titles (COVID19) submitted to the Scientific Committee

1. Demographic, clinical and radiological features of patients with COVID 19 infection in Basrah hospital during pandemic times.

Alaa khattar Mousa, Moustafa Younis Hoshi, Taleb Kdhem Akar, Ali Rahem Hashim, Ahmexd Kasem, Alfarazdek Enmad Omran Department of Medicine

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31.Maternal and perinatal outcomes of pandemic influenza COVID-19 in preganancy in Basrah

Ula Hussain Radhi (Maysoon Sharief)

Department of Gynaecology

32.Effect of melatonin on some bone mineralization biomarkers for overweight or obese peri-menapause women, possible role in osteoporosis treatment

Hiba dawood and Mysara Mohamed

Department of Gynaecology

33.Ac comparison of tramadol and pethidine analgesia on the duration of labour and pregnancy outcome

Ola Shaban Ramadan and Waaam Faik Madfooth

Department of Gynaecology

34.Feto-maternal outcomes of 54 cases of obstetric emergency hysterectomy in basrah maternity hospitals

Noor Abdul Rasool and Muhsin Al-Saback

Department of Gynaecology

35.Plasma homocysteine concentration in parturient women with preeclampsia in comparison ik Mahfoothwith those who carries normal pregnancy

Faeza Abid and Muhsin Al-Sabak Department of Gynaecology

36.A study of Vitamin D deficiency among menausal women

Weaam Faik Mahfooth

Department of Gynaecology

37. Maternal and plasma cell-free DNA and preeclampsia

Rua Mustafa and MYsoon Sharif

Department of Gynaecology

38. The association between body mass index and cervical length in pregnancy

Noor Ibrahim and Mysara Mohamed

Department of Gynaecology

39. Metabolic syndrome in women with PCO

Meha jameel Kadhum and Faiz Alwaeely

Department of Gynaecology

40. Risk factors for pregnancy induced hypertension

Aliaa Fouzee and Methal Abdel Redha

Department of Gynaecology

41. Serum vitamin D level among infertile men at Basrah city

Warkaa Marid and Ali F Al-Asadi

Department of Gynaecology

42. Haematological and biological difference between late and early onset preeclampsia

Shafa Abdul Kareem and Edward Zia

Department of Gynaecology

43. The intercyclical variation in AMH level

Safa Kefah and Ali F.Al-Asadi

Department of Gynaecology

44.Tramadol versus paracervical for pain relief during office hysteroscopy

Kawther Issa and Ali F.Al-Asadi Department of Gynaecology

الاستاذ الدكتور مرتضى محد صالح المسافر م.العميد للشؤون العلمية

فرع الطب الباطني كلية الطب جامعة البصرة / بحوث كورونا المستمرة للعام الدراسي ١٩٠١ / ٢٠٢٠

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Department f Microbiology

ألمشاريع البحثيه التطبيقيه المقره من قبل الفرع والتي تم التعاقد بها مع دائرة صحة البصره:

	Suggested project title	Researchers
1	Creation and recovery of a novel transport media for transport and preserve of covid-19 samples	Dr. Ihsan edan Alsaimary Dr.Nidham m.Jamalludeen Dr.wijdan N. Almousawi Dr.Dania M. Alturaihi Dr.Naael H. Ali
2	Prepare of a new rapid diagnostic kit for diagnosis of patients with covid-19	Dr. Ihsan edan Alsaimary
3	asymptomatic coronavirus (COVID-19) Prevalence of infection in the community with a limited outbreak	Haider Abdul-Lateef Mousa Handai Abdulqader Jasim Wijdan Nazar Ibrahim Dania Muder Shakir
4	Relationship between successful BCG vaccination and severity of COVID-19	Haider Abdul-Lateef Mousa Handai Abdulqader Jasim Wijdan Nazar Ibrahim Dania Muder Shakir
5	The association between Vitamin A and IgA plasma levels among patients with SARS COV-2 Infection	Dr Naael H Ali Dr Salman Kadhum Ajlan
6	Preparation of TRIzol and reagents used for manual viral RNA extraction	Dr. Nibras Saleam Al- Ammar Dr. Ihsan Al-Saimary Dr. Salman Kadhum Ajlan
7	DNA-RNA based vaccine for a novel COVID-19	Dr. Nidham M. Jamalludeen 2. Dr. Wajdan N. Ibrahim 3. Dr. Dania M. Shaker 4. Dr. Hanadi A Mohammed 5.Dr.Murtadha Almusafer
8	Co-infection of COVID-19 patients with other	Hanadi A. Jasim
0	respiratory pathogens in Basrah	Wijdan Nazar Ibrahim
		Dania Muder Shakir Haider Abdul-Lateef Mous
_	while the formular in detection of	Hanadi A. Jasim
9	Which is more accurate for sampling in detection of	Haider Abdul-Lateef

المشاريع البحثيه لطلبة الدراسات العليا:

	Grad students suggesting project	ets
1	Immunomolecular detection of inflammatory cytokines associated with bladder cancer	سحر المشرف: أ.د . احسان عيدان
7	Molecular expression of Toll-like receptors related to patients with tuberculosis	كاظم المشرف: أ.د . احسان عيدان
٣	The role of Genetic Polymorphism of angiopoietin-2 Gene in clinical presentation and risk of Iraqi patients with Rheumatoid Arthritis	غالد
٤	Immunological assessment of BCG vaccination in correlation with COVID-19 infection	فرح المشرف: أ. م.د. حيدر عبد اللطيف
0	Clinical and immunological markers of response to immunotherapy in breast cancer patients	نور المشرف: أ.د. نائل حسين
٦	Prevalence of Mouse Mammary Tumor Virus (MMTV)-like sequences in human breast cancer tissues and its relation to EGFR gene	هذاء المشرف: أزم.د. وجدان نزار
7	Cytokines in tear films of patients with diabetic retinopathy	اسراء المشرف: أزم.د. وجدان نزار
8	IMPACT OF CYTOMEGALOVIRUS INFECTIONS IN SENSORI-NEURONAL HEARING LOSS	احمد المشرف: أ. د. حسن جابر
9	The Expression of Interferon Gamma (IFN-γ) and Interleukin 6 (IL6) in Patients with Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL)	دعاء المشرف: أ. م.د. نظام جمال الدين
10	DNA-RNA based vaccine for a novel COVID-19	فاطمه المشرف: أ. م.د. نظام جمال الدين
١1	The evaluation of the TGF-B1and TBRII gene expression in patient with acute lymphoblastic leukemia	رشا عننان
12	Role of CD4 ⁺ T-Cell subsets and immune checkpoint in bladder cancer	هبه المشرف: أ.م.د نبراس سليم

كلية الطب جامعة البصرة / بحوث كورونا المستمرة للعام الدراسي ٢٠١٩ / ٢٠٢٠

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كلية الطب / جامعة البصرة بحوث كورونا المنشورة للعام الدراسي ١٩٠ ٢٠٢٠/٢٠٢

- The novel use of convalescent plasma in patients withCOVID 19 in Basra governorate.
 Saad Shaheen Hammadi, Ali Raheem Hashim, Abbas Khalaf Ali,Rafid A Abood,
 Hassanein M Ali,Ali S Abdulla, Ali R KAdhim, amjed m Roden, Hiba J Ashoor,
 Shawqi A Aziz, Bassim A Abdulhassan, Mustafa Mawih
 Iraqi National Journal of Medicine, 2020, July, Vol.2
- 2. The dynamics of COVID-19 epidemic in Basrah Southern Iraq-First Report Omran S Habib, Abbas k Alkanan, Alaa H Abed, nihad Q Mohammed The Medical Journal of Basrah University, 2020, volume38, issue 1, 7-18
- 3. The dynamics of COVID-19 epidemic in basrah province-second report
 Omran Habib, Haider Jassim, Wael Jasim Al-Shihaby, Mustafa AR Mohamed
 The Medical Journal of Basrah University, 2020, Volume38, issue 1, 19-28

Second Meeting for Eurasian Urology Online Meeting

Dear All,

We are planning to make second Zoom meeting for Eurasian Urology Online Meeting.

You can find the details for your participation on Thurday, 13.08.2020 at 17:00 (Turkey Local Time) on Zoom Online Meeting Programme.

We hope to see you at this significant meeting.

You can find the technical details as below.

Date: 13.08.2020 Meeting Time:

16:00 (Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo, Albania)

17:00 (Turkey, Russia, Palestine, Iraq, Turkish Republic of

North Cyprus, Qatar),

18:00 (Azerbaijan),

18:30 (Iran)

19:00 (Turkmenistan, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan),

20:00 (Kazakhistan, Kirghizistan)

22:00 (Mongolia)

After opening the Zoom Program, you must enter the **Meeting** ID: 426-645-9639 after pressing the JOIN / JOIN button.

Please enter **545999** in the password field on your screen to enter the room.

If you need any further technical assitance please do not hesitate to contact with Mr. Muhammed Ciftci (+90 530 142 60







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Saygılarımızla, / Kind Regards,

Muhammed Çiftçi (Mr.) Project Manager / Proje Müdürü



About TAU- Eurasian Urology Online Meeting 2021 // Programme

☐ Found in Yahoo! Inbox

Dear All,

We are planning to organise a tips and trick programme in January 2021. (Exact date to be discussed) It will be a 5 day meeting and six presentation on each day.

Please review the programme until starting Zoom meeting 28 July so we can improve the topics accordingly.

Best Regards,

Prof. Dr. Ateş Kadıoğlu

On Behalf of Turkish Association of Urology

Saygılarımızla, / Kind Regards,

Muhammed Çiftçi (Mr.)
Project Manager / Proje Müdürü









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